tion that push food through the diges-

tive system

wall of the digestive system and into the blood is called . .

The Stomach

12	Circle the	1	1		.1		1 .	. 1	. 1
14	(ircle the	letter of	Aach	CANTANCA	that ic	trua	about	the	etomach
LJ.	Chicic inc	ICILCI OI	cacii	SCHICHCE	mai is	uuc	about	uic	Stomach

- **a.** The stomach is a J-shaped muscular pouch in the abdomen.
- **b.** Mechanical digestion does not occur in the stomach.
- **c.** Digestive juice in the stomach contains an enzyme that breaks down proteins.
- **d.** Hydrochloric acid in the stomach kills many bacteria that are swallowed with food.
- **14.** Give two reasons why the hydrochloric acid in the digestive juice does not damage the stomach.

a.	
b. ˌ	

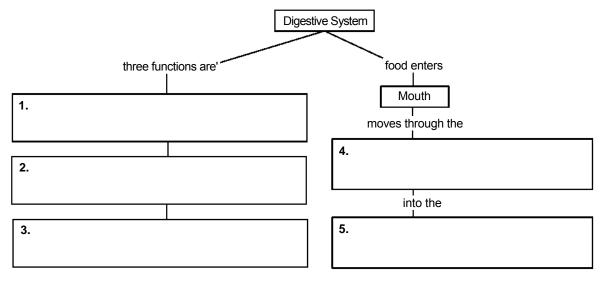
Name	Date	Class	RR 15. 2	2

Food and Digestion ■ Review and Reinforce

The Digestive Process Begins

Understanding Main Ideas

Fill in the blank rectangles to complete this concept map.



Answer the following in the space provided.

6. I	Explain the difference between mechanical digestion and chemical digestion.

Building Vocabulary

by these proteins.

Fill in the space to complete each sentence.

7.	When you swallow food, a flap of tissue called the
	seals off your windpipe.
8.	is a thick, slippery substance that lines the
	esophagus.
9.	The process of involves the movement of
	nutrients through the wall of your digestive system into your blood.
10.	Involuntary waves of muscle contractions that keep food moving in one
	direction through the digestive system are called
	·
11.	Most mechanical digestion occurs in the
12.	The connects the mouth and the stomach.
13.	In your mouth, mixes with food to moisten it.
14.	The process of breaking down food into small nutrient molecules is called
15	A protein that speeds up chemical reactions in the body is a(n)
13.	. Chemical digestion is accomplished