Name:	Date:	Period:
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Chapter 2 Review Sheet

- 1. When a hypothesis is proven many times, what does it become?
- 2. What two subatomic particles are found in the nucleus?
- 3. What must we be able to do, for a hypothesis to be useful?
- 4. An alkaline (basic) solution has more or less H+ ions than water?
- 5. The substances that are present at the beginning of a reaction are called what?
- 6. Many monomers linked together form what?
- 7. What is the pH range of oven cleaner?
- 8. When two or more elements combine, it is called what?
- 9. A stronger acid will have a pH closer to what number?
- 10. Many sugars combined together makes up what carbohydrate molecule?
- 11. What are substances called that speed up chemical reactions?
- 12. What happens to electrons in a covalent bond?
- 13. What are the building blocks of RNA and DNA?
- 14. A solution with a pH of 6 is what?
- 15. Monosaccharides are the building blocks of which macromolecule?
- 16. What is the main source of energy for all living things?
- 17. Amino acids are the building blocks of which macromolecule?
- 18. Which macromolecule serves as our hereditary information?
- 19. What is the term used for the energy needed to start a chemical reaction?
- 20. Why is the enzyme-substrate complex compared to a lock and key?
- 21. How many different reactions can an enzyme speed up?
- 22. What is the basic unit of all matter?
- 23. Which macromolecule is used to store energy?
- 24. What is the greatest solvent in the world?
- 25. Which macromolecule found in our skin helps to waterproof it?