

# Biology Chapter 12 Section 4 Mutations

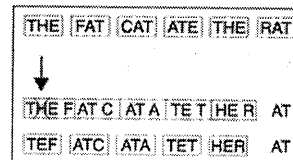
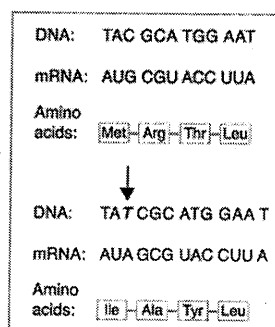
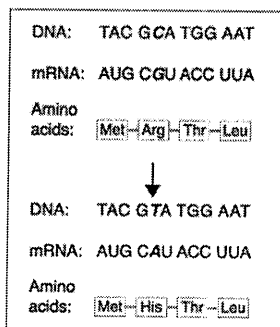
Objectives: Students will

- A) Define the three types of point mutations.
- B) Define the four types of chromosomal mutations.
- C) Explain the impact of mutations on the body.

OBJ. A) DEFINE THE 3 TYPES OF POINT MUTATIONS.  
What is a point mutation?

What is happening in each?

Why?



## Biology Chapter 12 Section 4 Student Handouts.notebook

OBJ. B) EXPLAIN THE IMPACT OF MUTATIONS ON THE BODY.

Mutations are rare.

Humans inherit \_\_\_\_\_ base pairs from each parent

Considering single base substitutions = \_\_\_\_\_ targets of substitutions

Single base substitutions = most apt during \_\_\_\_\_ copying of \_\_\_\_\_ phase

Even the most highly skilled \_\_\_\_\_ will introduce errors when copying a manuscript. So does \_\_\_\_\_ even though it \_\_\_\_\_

Mutations are estimated to occur at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ in every \_\_\_\_\_

With  $6 \times 10^9$  base pairs this means that each new cell contains some \_\_\_\_\_ new mutations.

Worried? \_\_\_\_\_

Most (as much as \_\_\_\_\_) of our DNA does not \_\_\_\_\_ anything

OBJ. B) EXPLAIN THE IMPACT OF MUTATIONS ON THE BODY.

Complete the chart for the three mutations discussed:

Name of disease	Summary of what happens during the mutation.

Lesson Summary:

3 things I learned are:

2 questions I still have are:

1 thing I will never forget is: